

#### **International Office**

#### **Everest Biotech Ltd**

Vector Laboratories, Inc. 6737 Mowry Ave Newark, CA 94560 United States

**Customer Service:** 

customerservice@vectorlabs.com

Technical Service:

technical@vectorlabs.com

Tel: +1 (800) 227-6666

www.everestbiotech.com

Research Use Only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use.

# EB10610 - Goat Anti-ODF2 Antibody

Size: 100µg specific antibody in 200µl



### **Target Protein**

**Principal Names:** ODF2, outer dense fiber of sperm tails 2, CT134, FLJ44866, MGC111096, MGC9034, ODF2/1, ODF2/2, ODF84, cancer/testis antigen 134, cenexin 1, outer dense fiber of sperm tails protein 2, outer dense fiber of sperm tails, 84-kD, outer dense fiber protein 2, outer dense fibre of sperm tails 2, sperm tail structural protein

Official Symbol: ODF2

Accession Number(s): NP\_002531.3; NP\_702915.1

Human GeneID(s): 4957

Non-Human GenelD(s): 18286 (mouse), 29479 (rat)

Important Comments: This antibody is expected to recognize reported isoform 1

(NP\_002531.3).

# **Immunogen**

Peptide with sequence C-REKHQASQKENKQ, from the internal region of the protein sequence according to NP\_002531.3; NP\_702915.1.

Please note the peptide is available for sale.

# **Purification and Storage**

Purified from goat serum by ammonium sulphate precipitation followed by antigen affinity chromatography using the immunizing peptide.

Supplied at 0.5 mg/ml in Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5% bovine serum albumin.

Aliquot and store at -20°C. Minimize freezing and thawing.

#### **Applications Tested**

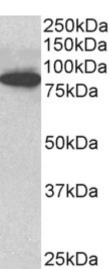
Peptide ELISA: antibody detection limit dilution 1:128000.

Western blot: Approx 85kDa band observed in C57/B6 mouse CTL lysates (calculated MW of 95.4kDa according to Mouse NP\_001106684.1). Recommended concentration:  $1-3\mu g/ml$ .

# **Species Reactivity**

Tested: Mouse

Expected from sequence similarity: Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig



EB10610 (3μg/ml) staining of C57/B6 mouse CTL lysate (35μg protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence. Data provided by Everest grant winner Dr. J. Griffiths, University of Cambridge, UK